

Santa Fe New Mexican

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5.



FOR DELEGATE TO THE 56TH CONGRESS
PEDRO PEREA,
OF BERNALILLO.

Republican Ticket.

SANTA FE COUNTY.

T. B. CATRON.

For member of the council of the 33rd legislative assembly.

WILLIAM KILPATRICK.

VICTOR ORTEGA.

For members of the house of representatives, 33rd legislative assembly.

JAMES D. HUGHES.

For county commissioner 1st district.

J. T. McLAUGHLIN.

For county commissioner 2d district.

AUGUSTIN MAESTAS.

For county commissioner 3d district.

JOSE AMADO LUCERO.

For probate judge.

ATANASIO ROMERO.

For clerk of the probate court.

C. W. DUDROW.

For sheriff.

TELEFORO RIVERA.

For assessor.

FRITZ MULLER.

For treasurer and ex-officio collector.

FACUNDO P. PINO.

For superintendent of schools.

D. M. WHITE.

For surveyor.

A cashier of an Ohio bank eloped with the funds instead of with the pretty lady assistant cashier. The fellow must be a woman hater.

Harper's Weekly asserts that New York is a very wicked town. Harper's Weekly cannot get up a row on that question with this paper.

A young woman in New York who made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide got married very soon thereafter. She was evidently in a desperate state of mind all the time.

It is now said that Howard Gould had to give up \$5,000,000 of his heritage. For marrying Miss Clemmons. But as his sister Anna Gould paid \$5,000,000 for a worthless French count for a husband, why should not Howard have been allowed to marry a pretty American actress without being molested by his relatives.

The 1898 campaign in New Mexico is closed. Nothing now remains but the battle of the ballots on Tuesday next. This paper has made a strong fight for Republican success all over the territory, and it believes the Republicans will elect their candidate for delegate, their candidates in a majority of the counties and a two-thirds majority in the 33rd legislative assembly. So note it be.

Hon. T. B. Catron is the largest taxpayer, outside of the railroad and other large corporations, in the county, and his election to the council of the 33rd legislative assembly will place a man in the legislature who will look after expenditures of money, the levying of taxes and the conduct of public business in a careful manner. Mr. Catron has been a resident of Santa Fe county for 30 years and has an insight into public affairs which will enable him to be of decided benefit to the county. His election will be in the interest of economy and competent legislative powers.

Ferguson and the Pensioners.

Mr. Ferguson has claimed that his party has always been favorable to the granting of pensions to old soldiers; and that he himself is about the only person who can obtain pensions, or keep those already granted, in existence. For the purpose of showing the absurdity of this claim of his party, the following statement from official sources is presented for the consideration of the voters of New Mexico:

Much has been said intimating that the present administration, in its administration of the pension laws through the present commissioner of pensions, Hon. H. Clay Evans, has been and is unfriendly to the pension system and to the old soldiers and their widows and orphans. A certain class of pension agents and attorneys and Democrats (called statementers) have been exceedingly busy spreading this report. For a year or more during the last administration of President Cleveland, pensioners were advised to hold back their claims pending the approaching election and to present and press claims for pension and increases as soon as the new president (certain to be a Republican) should be inaugurated.

"The result was that Commissioner Evans found the bureau 'swamped' under a mass of new applications. The eager and expectant applicants could brook no delay. They seemed to expect the immediate allowance of every claim filed, whether for original pension, increase or restoration to the rolls. They did not pause to consider that such action would be impolitic, unwise and unjust. The propriety and necessity of a thorough examination of each individual case was a consideration not to be entertained, and as a result there was considerable friction between pension attorneys and the commissioner.

"But the work of the bureau, impeded as it is by the presence of many incompetent clerks placed there by a Democratic administration, unfriendly to the old soldiers and to the pension system, has gone on unceasingly, laboriously and faithfully. A comparison of work done and of results obtained under the last administration and the present will best tell the story.

"Comparison of pension claims allowed and disallowed for years 1894, 1895 and 1896 and 1897 (nine months only included).

Year.	Allowed per month.	Rejected per month.
Gen'l Law—original.		
1894	845	1,653
1895	662	1,582
1896	650	1,307
1897 (9 months)	658	1,090
Act of 1890—orig'l.		
1894	2,655	4,271
1895	2,710	3,777
1896	2,231	3,171
1897 (9 months)	2,118	2,958
Gen. Law—increases.		
1894	913	1,892
1895	810	1,639
1896	1,050	1,887
1897 (9 months)	961	1,165
Act of 1890—increases.		
1894	177	864
1895	288	1,431
1896	344	1,069
1897 (9 months)	742	1,071
Gen. Law—original.		
1894, 1895, 1896.	719	1,514
1897 (9 months)	808	1,089
Gen. Law—increases.		
1894, 1895, 1896.	924	1,806
1897 (9 months)	961	1,165
Act of 1890—orig'l.		
1894, 1895, 1896.	2,899	3,740
1897 (9 months)	4,118	2,558
Act of 1890—increases.		
1894, 1895, 1896.	270	1,119
1897 (9 months)	742	1,071

a Or 31 per day.
b Or 102 per day.
c Or 104 per day.
d Or 128 per day.
e Or 138 per day.
f Or 27 per day.
g Or 31 per day.

"It thus appears that during each of the years 1894, 1895 and 1896, up to March, 1897, when President McKinley was inaugurated, the Democratic administration was allowing original claims under the general law at the rate of 27 per day and rejecting such claims at the rate of 58 per day. It was allowing original claims under the act of 1890 at the rate of 111 per day and rejecting them at the rate of 143 per day. Under both laws it was allowing 128 original claims per day and rejecting 201 per day.

"The Republican administration has been allowing original claims under the general law at the rate of 31 per day and rejecting at the rate of 41 per day. It has been allowing original claims under the act of 1890 at the rate of 158 per day and rejecting 131 per day.

	Allowed per day.	Rejected per day.
Republican administration	189	131
Democratic administration	128	201

"The above figures relate simply to original claims adjudicated. 'Now let us take claims for increase. The Democratic administration allowed 35 claims for increase under the general law per day and rejected 69 per day. It allowed of claims for increase, under the act of 1890, 10 per day and rejected 43 per day. In other words, it was allowing 45 increase per day and rejecting 112 per day.

"The Republican administration has been allowing 37 increase claims per day under the general law, and 28 per day under the act of 1890, a total of 65 per day, while it has rejected 44 increase claims under the general law per day and 41 of such claims under the act of 1890, a total of 85 per day.

	Allowed per day.	Rejected per day.
Republican administration	65	85
Democratic administration	45	112

Including both classes.

Republican administration	189	131
Democratic administration	128	201
Total	245	216

Total

Democratic administration	128	201
Total	183	313

"This proves beyond any controversy whatever that while the pension bureau has been a little slower in adjudicating pension claims since 1897 than prior to that date, the work done has insured wholly to the benefit of the old soldier and of his widow and orphan. Every day for the nine months covered by these figures in 71 cases more than under the last administration has happened been carried to the family of some old soldier. The rates allowed have been much larger, also.

"Those who complain of tardiness at the bureau and who are inclined to suggest that the administration is against the old soldier should study the figures well before indulging in such unwarranted and undeserved criticism.

"Our Democratic friends who, now they are out of power, would pose as the soldier's friend, when in power and when they had an opportunity to do something for the needy old soldier and his widow and orphan, were slow to act in congress and granted pensions and increases with a hesitating and niggardly hand, as we have seen.

"At the pension bureau they struck from the rolls the names of thousands of needy and deserving pensioners. In passing on claims they were swift to adjudicate unfavorably, but exceedingly slow to allow pensions. Let the old soldiers remember the few bills passed; the many vetoed; the fact that at the bureau of pensions in 1894 and 1895 the Democratic administration allowed 34 per cent of the claims examined and rejected 66 per cent; that in 1896, when it did its best, trying to influence the election, it only allowed 42 per cent and rejected 58 per cent."

It is very easy for Mr. Ferguson to make such statements as he does to people who are not advised as to the facts, and most of us are not. But when confronted with the actual facts and figures, his fairy tales are dissipated in regard to pensions in the same manner that they were in regard to water and the tariff upon it, when the record of his actions in congress was shown up. The above figures are absolutely accurate and can be relied upon; while his statements are simply reckless misrepresentations for the purpose of catching votes.

Ferguson's Santa Fe Speech Again.

If the political friends of Mr. Ferguson were only half as much pleased with his talk here, Saturday night, as were his political enemies, they should be a very happy crowd, for certainly, Republicans could not wish for a better campaign document than that same speech; and indeed it is understood that the territorial Republican committee has had the same published and distributed as a help to their cause. In this speech, Mr. Ferguson very plainly showed what he ought by all means to have kept concealed here, and reserved for the country districts, that he was conducting his campaign by appealing to race prejudice and religious fanaticism; he did not do this openly, of course, but covertly and by insinuation, as is his custom, and there was not a person in the audience who did not thoroughly understand that when Mr. Ferguson said, 'The Republicans kept New Mexico out of the union of states, on account of the religious prejudices of the Spanish-Americans,' that he was attempting to array the Catholic church against the Republican party and its nominee. This was not only indecent in a public speech, but was very impolitic as well, for the position of Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ireland, the two most illustrious prelates of that great church in the United States, as being in favor of the Republican nominee for president on lofty grounds of honor, law and patriotism, is too well known to allow such an assertion as Mr. Ferguson made to have the slightest weight except against himself.

The New Mexican believes that Mr. Perea is a Catholic; it is an established fact that he is a model man, in business, domestic and public life and his walk and conduct in life will compare favorably with that of Mr. Ferguson or any other man. Mr. Ferguson also charged that Mr. Perea was making a 'still hunt' on the race issue. This assertion is absolutely untrue, and it is a fact beyond cavil or successful contradiction that neither Mr. Perea nor any of his friends have ever, in public or private, alluded to the fact, or in any manner presented it as a reason for voting for him, that he was a native born New Mexican, nor has he or any of his friends alluded to the fact that Mr. Ferguson was born in North Carolina; that his father was an officer in the confederate service, and that if the gentleman himself had been old enough he would have been on the same side in the war. Most of our delegates to congress have been native New Mexicans, but that they and the every-day citizen are loyal Americans has been demonstrated time and again in civil life and on the battle fields of the rebellion and in the late war. It was a New Mexican legislature which passed the resolution and appropriated the funds for the erection of the monument in the plaza in the city of Santa Fe to those heroes who fell in defense of the common country in whose government they had no share, at the various battles fought with the rebels in New Mexico. So, Mr. Ferguson, we thank you for the words you spoke on Saturday night last, showing your true attitude toward the Catholic church and the native people.

In making their nomination for probate judge, the Republicans of Santa Fe county were absolutely guided by the fitness of the man named for that office. Hon. Jose Amado Lucero has made a place for himself in the esteem of the people of the county seldom achieved in this life. His well known uprightness as a private citizen, his record as a county commissioner the past two years and his reputation for honesty and fairness in every business dealing needs no mention in any paper. His neighbors respect and honor him, his social acquaintances know him for his true worth, and his willingness to aid all who are worthy of aid who apply to him have made him warm friends in every part of the county. In his hands the office of probate judge will be administered with justice and absolute honesty. The widows and orphans will receive their due, and all matters coming before him in relation to the office will receive prompt and careful attention, and will be decided in strict conformity with law and fairness to all parties concerned.

For probate clerk the Republicans offer as a candidate for the suffrage of the voters of Santa Fe county, Atanasio Romero. Mr. Romero has filled that office in the past in a manner highly satisfactory to all who have had any business to transact in it. Gentlemenly, accommodating, efficient, these are the qualifications possessed by Mr. Romero, and the condition of the office at the present time is sufficient proof of the careful manner in which it has been managed while in his care. Mr. Romero is a native of the county, has spent his entire life among the people here, and is now in a position where the good work of the past can be improved upon. It is safe to say that there will be no change in the office of probate clerk for two years to come, anyway.

The Republican candidate for county surveyor, David M. White, is a young man who has made a name for himself among the members of his profession in the territory, by reason of his thorough knowledge of the work and his abilities as a practical civil engineer. Much of the land litigation in the courts today results from careless surveys and the negligent marking of boundaries and corners. The expense incident to the settlement of disputes over real estate in the courts to the owners is a serious drain and drawback to the prosperity of any county, and that expense and drain the Republicans of Santa Fe are desirous of avoiding. For that reason, when nominating a candidate for county surveyor, Mr. White's name was placed upon the ticket. Competent and accurate in all that he does, Mr. White will make a model officer and many expensive law suits will be avoided in the future by his election.

One of the needs of Santa Fe county at this time is a superintendent of schools who thoroughly understands

pliancy with law and fairness to all parties concerned.

Hon. Pedro Perea, the Republican candidate for delegate to congress, has made a clean, aggressive and progressive campaign in all parts of the territory, and the effect of his good work will be shown when the votes are counted Tuesday night. He will be elected by a handsome majority, which will place New Mexico in the right light before the people of the entire United States.

The election of Hon. Pedro Perea means renewed and continued prosperity for New Mexico. That fact should be borne in mind by the voters on Tuesday. The people of New Mexico are progressive and anxious for the development of the natural resources of the territory, and they will not make the mistake of electing a free trade Democrat to represent them in the nation's capital the coming two years.

Victor Ortega, Republican candidate for the legislature from Santa Fe county, needs no introduction to the voters of the county. As a member of the board of county commissioners he distinguished himself as a man of careful business habits, shrewd management and as one worthy of the confidence of the people. As a member of the legislature he will prove of value in looking after the interests of the county and protecting the tax payers from extravagance and undesirable legislation.

Augustin Maestas, the Republican nominee for the board of county commissioners from the 3d district, is a well known citizen of Santa Cruz, a farmer and fruit raiser, having a nice ranch upon which he makes his home. He is fitted for the position for which he has been nominated by reason of his knowledge of the values of farming property and an understanding of the conditions which govern the conduct of agricultural enterprises in the county. With Mr. Maestas as a member of the board the farming interests of the county will be ably represented and cared for.

William Kilpatrick, Republican nominee for the house of representatives of the 33rd legislative assembly, bears an excellent reputation among those persons who are acquainted with him and has made a host of friends in the south part of the county, where he lives. A miner, working among miners and acquainted with the conditions which govern the working of mines, fits him for the position to which he aspires, in that he will be able to counsel wisely on all matters coming before the legislature affecting coal mining in New Mexico. He will undoubtedly receive the support of all Republicans and that of the miners who do not hold the same political beliefs as himself.

J. T. McLaughlin, the Republican candidate for county commissioner from the 2d district, is no stranger to the voters of Santa Fe county. He has large mining interests in the southern part of the county, has been successful in his business ventures and has been a resident of the county for a number of years. The past two years he has been a member of the board of county commissioners and his services have been acceptable to the tax payers and property owners alike. In every matter which has come before the board he has been guided in his decisions and acts by a desire to treat all alike, no matter what their political affiliations or condition in life. Rich and poor have all been treated by him on the merits of their case, favoritism is unknown to him as an official, and his record is such as will insure his re-election.

James D. Hughes, the Republican candidate for the board of county commissioners from the 1st district, is one of the best known men in the county, and is also a business man of recognized superiority. His life in New Mexico for the past 18 years is sufficient guarantee for his future, no matter in what position he may be placed. For nine years he has been business manager of the New Mexican, and the success of the paper under his management speaks for the success of his work on the board of county commissioners. If elected, there is no doubt on that point. He is a property owner and tax payer in the city, every interest he has is centered in the county, and the voters may rest assured that his best endeavors will be put forth in managing the business of the county.

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the requirements of the situation and possesses the executive ability to bring them to the front rank as educators of the youth of the county. The Republican candidate, Facundo P. Pino, has already served one term in the office and has the work at his fingers' end. The experience gained in the past two years will be of great assistance in the future the knowledge of the condition and needs of each district already possessed and an understanding of the characteristics of the patrons of the schools in all parts of the county fit Mr. Pino for the work of the office as no other man in the county could possibly be without the same schooling that he has gone through. It would be folly to elect a man to the office who would be compelled to spend the entire term of office in learning the details of the work, rather than in adding to the efficiency of the schools. One of the great men of the United States said that it was a poor policy to 'swap horses in the middle of the stream,' and that saying applies forcibly to the election of a superintendent of schools in Santa Fe county this year. Mr. Pino ought to and will be elected for the good of the schools.

Captain Fritz Muller, and who in the county has not heard of him with pride, is the Republican candidate for treasurer and ex-officio collector. Modest, brave, capable Fritz Muller, honored by every man in the county, and almost worshipped by the boys who served under him in the famous Rough Rider regiment in the trying campaign in Cuba, will be the next collector and treasurer of Santa Fe county, and no more need be said. His name is a sufficient guarantee for the safety of the county funds and the careful collection of the taxes due.

The Republican campaign managers in San Miguel and Guadalupe counties must be up and doing and watching. There are plans hatched and matured by their opponents, the Union party gang, to commit election frauds and to steal the counties named, if possible. Ballots will be changed and an attempt will be made to steal the ballot boxes and then procure spurious and false election certificates corruptly and dishonestly manufactured, and claim election of the Union party candidates. The Union party gang is up to all sorts of, and indeed, to all dishonest or corrupt election devices and tricks known and must be closely watched. Forewarned is forearmed. That the Union party gang in San Miguel and Guadalupe counties intend to commit election frauds is sure. This devilish intention should and must be frustrated. The good of the honest and decent citizens of this territory so demands.

Perhaps the county official who comes in closer contact with the people than any other is the county assessor, and in a very large degree the equitable assessment of taxes depends upon his knowledge of values and his fair mindedness. Actuated by a desire to deal justly and fairly with the taxpayers of Santa Fe county, the Republicans have placed in nomination for assessor Judge Teleforo Rivera. What Mr. Rivera's work will be as the assessor of property is no question. His record as probate judge, his standing in the county and his well known desire to be fair in all his transactions, whether on the bench or in private business transactions, do not require telling to the voters of the county. He is the man for the office, and as assessor will keep the county in good condition so far as the assessment of all taxable property is concerned.

One of the most important offices in the county, and the one which can be made to protect the rights of citizens or to trample over them rough shod, just as the occupant sees fit, is that of sheriff. Santa Fe county people have had varied experiences with sheriffs in the past, and there is no enthusiastic desire on the part of any one to return to the days of the unlamented Cunningham and the control of the Democratic party. The primary object of the sheriff's office is the enforcement of the laws and the protection of life and property, and that object the Republicans of the county are determined to see accomplished. With that end in view Charles W. Dudrow has been placed under the Republican ticket as the candidate for sheriff, and it is the universal opinion that Mr. Dudrow will make just such an officer as is required in that position. Cool headed, brave and considerate; respectful of the rights of person and of speech; successful in business affairs and anxious for the growth and upbuilding of the county and city of Santa Fe, Mr. Dudrow is undoubtedly one of the best men ever offered to the voters for their consideration in the county. In fact, the welfare of the county demands the election of Mr. Dudrow as sheriff, and that demand will go unheeded on next Tuesday by the voters.

Several new locomotives are being 'set up' at Amarillo for the Pecos Valley road extension from Roswell. Roswell has not a vacant residence or business house, all of which goes to show how that part of the country is peopling up.

H. F. Smith, of Roswell, has gone to Brighton, Ia., to spend the winter. Roswell's cemetery is in wretched condition, and there is a loud call to have the place put in presentable shape. Seventy-five miles of the Pecos Valley extension have been laid at the rate of two miles per day and over. South-eastern New Mexico papers are throwing bouquets at the new general manager of the Pecos Valley road, and agree in saying that he is just the man for the place. The Eddy postmaster is particularly happy over the new change in the time of the trains, which now gives him a chance to get in decent hours of sleep.

REASON M. TITTELL.

I suffered agony. I tried many patent medicines, but none relieved me. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S. S. S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free of poison or mercury. I felt so much better after taking two bottles, that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

The skating rink at Eddy has closed, as the cost of repairs to skates amounted to more than the profits of running the concern.

Don and Fred Rankin, of Albuquerque, are building an ice factory at Eddy.

R. H. Pierce, of Eddy, has removed his family to El Paso.

There are but two vacant houses in Eddy, and they are only small board buildings.

Frank McDaniels, of Eddy, has returned home after a two years absence in Old Mexico.

Master Mechanic C. M. Stansbury, of the Pecos Valley road, has returned to

HOTEL WELLINGTON

Formerly Walker's

American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and Upward. First Class Restaurant a la Carte.
American Plan, \$2.00 per day and Upward. Transient and Permanent Guests.

L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

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SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

When in Silver City? Stop at the Best Hotel.

FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

Eddy with a bride, Miss Francis J. Cowell, of Lafayette, Ind., whom he married in Cincinnati.

George Fee, of Eddy, has been acquitted of the murder of Bruno Ninos. The verdict was a surprise.

Martini Mancini, of Eddy, is the new professor of French, Spanish, and drawing and fencing in the New Mexico military institute.

Bernalillo County. Bland is raising a large and healthy kick about hogs being turned loose on the public streets.

Architect Edward Kneezell, of El Paso, has gone to Fort Wingate, where the government will provide him with a military escort into the grand canon on the Navajo reservation, where some years ago Mr. Kneezell located what are claimed to be immense gold and copper deposits.

Rough Riders Radcliffe and Carp have returned home to Gallup.

Bland people are getting in their supply of winter's wood.

Miss Frances Blecher, who taught school in Bland last winter, has just been married at her home in Marysville, Kas., to G. W. Dexter, of that place.

Cofax County. Rough Rider T. F. Cavanaugh, of Raton, has returned. He was severely wounded at Santiago and had a hard time of it all around.

The Red River, Cofax county, school has 30 pupils.

The Raton water works reservoir is to be practically rebuilt.

Strangers are flocking into Raton to settle.

A. C. Giller, a Rough Rider, has returned to Raton, but will remove to Boulder, Colo., to locate.

The Cofax county school apportionment gives Elizabethtown's 191 pupils \$171.10.

Elizabethtown has a brand new school house, and her people are happy over it.

Chaves County. Several new locomotives are being 'set up' at Amarillo for the Pecos Valley road extension from Roswell.

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